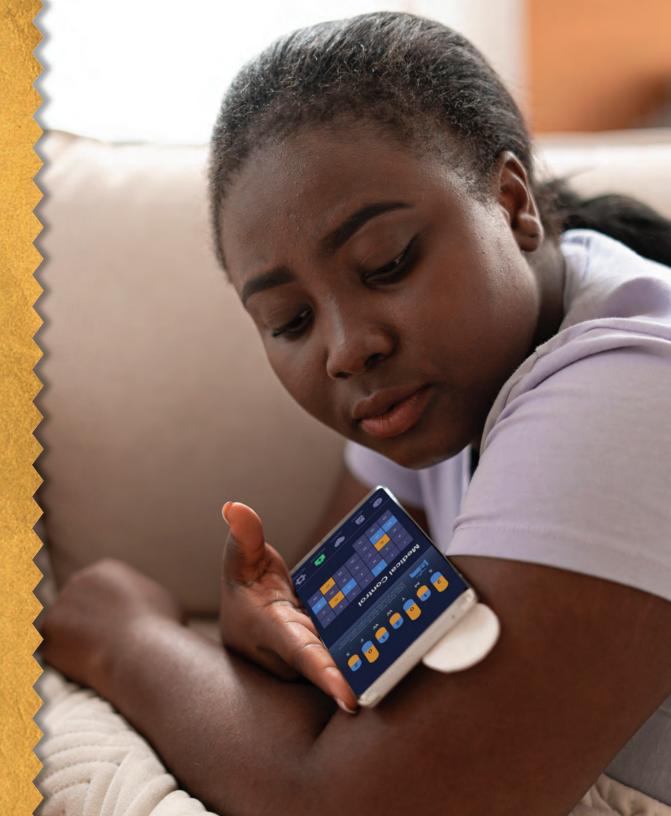
Living with Diabetes



Written by Elizabeth Dasari and Cindy Sun: Students of the College of Nursing, University of Manitoba



Living with Diabetes



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Low Blood Sugar

What is it?

- It is when your body does not have enough energy because of low sugar in your blood
- Normal blood sugar level is 4-6, when it is below 4, you might start to feel sick
- When it is below 4, you might start to feel sick

How does it feel?



Shaky



Sweating



Hunger



Nausea



Anxiety and panic



Cannot concentrate



Mouth tingling

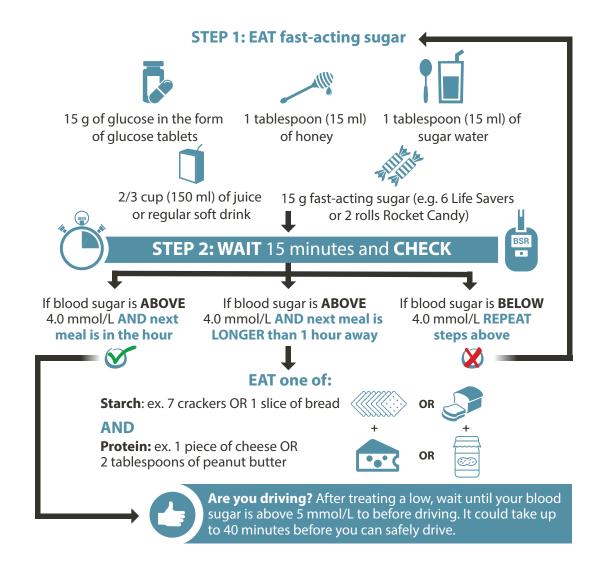


Feeling dizzy and weak

What to do?

Check blood sugar right away if you can AND drink one juice box or 2/3 can of regular soft drink (for example: Cola or Ginger Ale) OR mix a tablespoon of sugar into water and drink it OR eat a tablespoon of honey.

Wait for 15 minutes and check your blood sugar again if you can. If still not feeling well or if blood sugar is still less than 4, follow the above steps again OR eat a snack (for example: a sandwich, crackers and cheese) OR eat a meal.



High Blood Sugar

What is it?

 It is when there is too much sugar in your blood and your body cannot use them as energy

How does it feel?



Dry mouth



Very thirsty



Feel tired



Peeing more often than usual

What to do?

• Exercise if safe to do so.



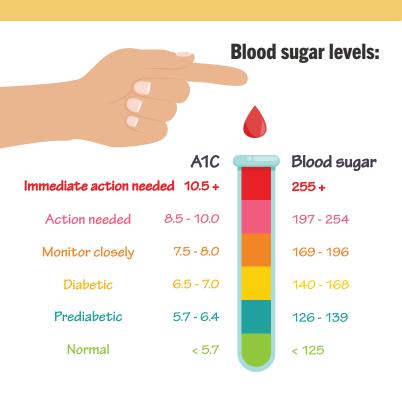
• Take your medication or insulin as prescribed by your doctor.



Which Foods to Choose?

Glycemic index (GI) is a way of ranking foods based on how fast they raise blood sugar levels.

To help control your blood sugar, try to choose foods that have low or medium glycemic index. Meat, chicken, and fish do not have a glycemic index because they do not contain carbohydrates.



Low Glycemic Index Foods:

- Whole wheat tortilla
- Sourdough bread
- Steel cut oats
- Pasta (cooked firm)
- Rice (parboiled)
- Peas
- Popcorn (plain)
- Sweet potato
- Winter squash (spaghetti squash, butternut squash)
- Apple
- Banana (green, unripe)
- Berries
- Cantaloupe
- Grapefruit
- Honeydew melon
- Mango
- Orange
- Peach
- Pear
- Plum
- Pomegranate
- Prunes
- Milk (almond; cow skim, 1%, 2%, whole; soy)
- Yogurt (skim, 1%, 2%, whole; frozen, Greek)
- Baked beans
- Chickpeas
- Kidney bean
- Mung beans/sprouts
- Romano beans; lentils, soybeans/ edamame, split peas

Medium Glycemic Index Foods:

- Breads: chapati (white, whole wheat)
- Pita bread (white, whole wheat)
- Pumpernickel bread, roti (white, whole wheat)
- Rye bread (light, dark, whole grain)
- · Whole grain wheat bread
- Cereal: Cream of Wheat[™] (regular)
- Oats (instant, large flake)
- Basmati rice
- Brown rice
- Cornmeal
- Couscous (regular, whole wheat)
- Rice noodles
- White rice (short, long grain)
- Wild rice
- Beets
- Corn
- French fries
- Parsnip
- Potato (red, white)
- Crackers
- Banana (ripe, yellow)
- Cherries (bottled)
- Cranberries (dried)
- Figs (fresh, dried)
- Grapes
- Kiwi
- Lychee
- Pineapple
- Raisins

What Is a Food Label?

Serving size: All information on a food label is based on serving size. Compare this amount to what you actually eat.

Calories: If you eat more than the serving size, your calorie intake will be higher. If you eat less than the serving size, your calories will be lower. If you move around a lot, you will need more calories. If you don't move around a lot, you will need less calories. Speak to your doctor/nurse practitioner/dietitian about how many calories you should be eating in a day.

Try to eat more foods that are high in calcium, iron, vitamin A, vitamin C, and fibers. Try to eat less foods that are high in fats, saturated fats, sodium, and cholesterol.

Nutrition Facts Valeur nutrive

Per 1 cup (250 mL) pour 1 tasse (250 mL)

% Daily Value* Calories 110 % valeur quotidienne*	
Fat / Lipides 0 g Saturated / saturés 0 + Trans / trans 0 g	g 0 % 0 %
Carbohydrate / Glud Fiber / Fibers 0 g	cides 26 g 0 %
Sugars / Sucres 22 g Protein / Protéines 2	22 % 2 g
Cholesterol / Choles	s térol 0 mg
Sodium 0 mg	0 %
Potassium 450 mg	10 %
Calcium 30 mg	2 %
Iron / Fer 0 mg	0 %

Nutrients

Protein:

Why do I need it?

Proteins are needed to build and repair muscles, skin, nails, and hair.

Where can I find protein?

Beans, lentils, tofu, chicken, beef, pork, salmon, sardines, unsalted nuts

Vitamin A:

Why do I need it?

Helps to keep eyes, skin and immune system healthy and also helps with growing.

Where can I find vitamin A?

Chicken/turkey liver, carrots, avocado pumpkin, sweet potatoes, peppers

Vitamin C:

Why do I need it?

Keep gums healthy, helps to heal wounds, and build blood and bones.

Where can I find vitamin C?

Red and green peppers, strawberries, oranges, lemon, broccoli

Calcium:

Why do I need it?

Helps to build and strengthen bones and muscles.

Where can I find calcium?

Cow milk, cheese, yogurt, sardines, tofu, canned beans (baked, and navy/white beans), collards, and spinach.



What are Carbohydrates (Carbs)?

- Is found in a lot of foods that provide energy to your body
- Sugar, starch, and fiber are all carbs; carbs can be simple and complex
- Sugars are simple carbs
- Sugar in milk and fresh fruits are natural
- Sugar in candy bars, juice, canned fruit, ice cream, and baked goods are added
- Eating more sugars will increase your blood sugar more and fast 😭
- Fibers and SOME starches are complex carbs; they will increase your blood sugar more slowly
- Fibers are found in fruits (apple, berries, peach), vegetables (corns, broccoli, squash, brussel sprouts), whole-grain foods (brown rice, quinoa, oatmeal, cereal, pasta), nuts, seeds, beans, and legumes.
- Fibers keep you full and do not increase your blood sugar
- Starches in sweet potatoes, brown rice, oats, beans, whole-wheat bread, chickpeas, apple, melon, and berries are complex carbs
- Starches in potatoes and white bread can increase your blood sugar fast 😭

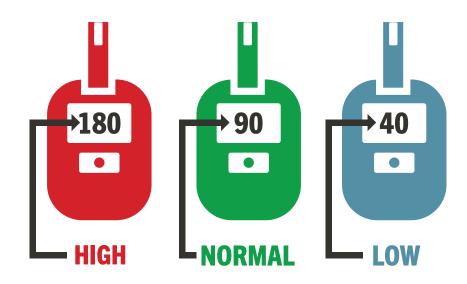
What Do Carbs Do to My Body?

- When you don't eat enough carbs, your blood sugar will become low. When you eat too many carbs, your blood sugar will become high.
- Counting carbs can help you to better control blood sugar, if you would like to know more about how to count carbs:

Visit Diabetes Canada website:



Speak to a dietitian for free at: 204-788-8248



Now what?

On a food label, the carbohydrates include the sugars + fibers + starches in one serving size. In this example, there are 26g of carbohydrates in each serving (250 mL).

What if all the foods I have increase my blood sugar fast?

 Move around and try to use some of your energy after you eat

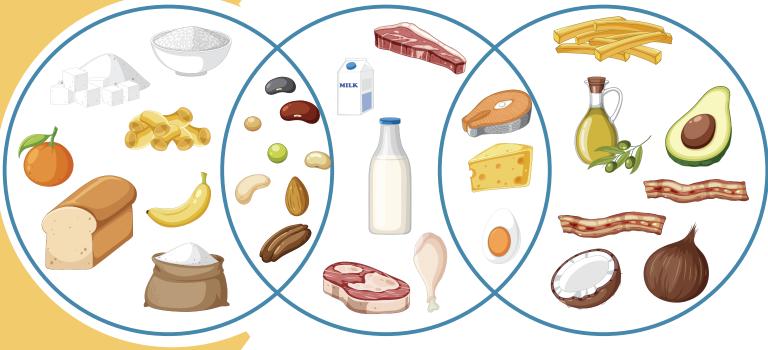
- Eat foods with fibers
- Did you know that eating foods in the right order can make a difference in your blood sugar and body weight?
- Try to eat fibers or vegetables first
- Eat proteins and fats second
- Eat your sugars and carbs last

Carbohydrate / Glucides 26 g

Fiber / Fibers 0 g 0 % Sugars / Sucres 22 g 22 %

• Under carbohydrate, it tells you how many fibers and starches are in one serving. In this example, there are 0 fibers and 22% of the carbohydrates are sugars.

Carbohydrate / Glucides 26 g	
Fiber / Fibers 0 g	0 %
Sugars / Sucres 22 g	22 %



CARBS PROTEIN

FATS

FOOD BANK ITEM RECIPES:

Tomato Rice with Beans: Vegetarian (makes 4 servings)

- 1/2 cup uncooked rice (any type)
- 1 12 oz can condensed tomato soup and 1/2 can of water
- 2 tsp taco seasoning or other seasonings (mixture of chilli powder, garlic powder, onion powder)
- ½ cup of black beans (rinsed in water and drained)
- 2 tbsp margarine or butter
- *Optional: 1/4 cup shredded cheese

Stove Top Method:

- 1. Melt margarine or butter in a large, deep pan over medium heat
- 2. Add rice and mix until the rice is covered with margarine or butter
- 3. Add seasoning and 1 can of condensed tomato soup. Use the same can to add 1 can of water, the mixture should be moist but not thin; bring to a boil
- 4. Turn heat to low, cover the pan with a lid, and leave a small opening. Cook slowly for 25-35 minutes. Stir every 5-10 minutes so the rice does not stick to the bottom. Cook until the rice is soft but still in shape.
 - *If the rice looks to be cooked but is still wet, keep cooking without the lid until it becomes dry.
- 5. Heat up the black beans and add them to the tomato rice. You can also add some shredded cheese and mix into the finished rice.



Nutrition Facts (*approx. per 1 serving with no cheese): Calories- 165 Carbohydrates- 35g Fiber- 3g Protein- 6g Sodium-400 mg

Recipe taken and modified from: https://inspiredcuisine.ca/recipe/spanish-rice-my-way/



Lentil Wraps: Vegetarian

- 1½ cups (375 mL) split red lentils
- 3 cups (750 mL) water
- 1 medium onion, cut into small pieces
- 1 cup (250 mL) green pepper, cut into small pieces
- 2 large garlic cloves, cut into very small pieces
- 1½ tsp (7 mL) chilli powder
- ½ tsp (2 mL) ground cumin
- 2 tsp (10 mL) cooking oil
- 1 cup (250 mL) water
- 6 tbsp (90 mL) tomato paste
- 8 (6-inch; 15 cm) tortillas (any type)
- *Optional: low fat sour cream, salsa, low fat cheddar cheese
- 1. Rinse lentils under water and drain. In a pot, boil lentils in 1 cup of water, cover and simmer for 20 minutes. They will be slightly undercooked. Drain if necessary.
- 2. In a pan, cook onion, green pepper and garlic in oil, but do not brown. Add chile powder, cumin, cooked lentils, water and tomato paste. Stir for 2 minutes until mixture starts to thicken. Cover and cook for another 5 minutes.
- 3. Lay a tortilla flat, put 1/2 cup (125 mL) of lentil mix in the center, and roll it up. Top each burrito with sour cream, salsa, and shredded cheddar cheese.

Nutrition Facts (Per 1 Burrito):
Calories- 380
Carbohydrates- 59g
Fiber- 13g
Protein- 17g
Sodium-480mg (18% daily recommended value)

Recipe taken from Diabetes Canada (n.d.-b). Lentil burritos. Retrieved March 10 2024 from https://diabetes.ca/nutrition-fitness/recipes/lentil-burritos

Black Bean Dip/Hummus: (Makes 12 servings)

- 1 can (about 15 ounces) black beans, rinsed under water and drained
- 1/2 cup Picante Sauce or salsa
- 1 tbsp lime juice
- 2 packages (7 ounces each) tortilla chips or crackers
- 1. Put the beans, salsa and lime juice into a food processor or blender. Cover and blend until smooth and creamy. Eat the bean mixture with tortilla chips or crackers.



Nutrition Facts (Per 1 serving) Calories - 176 Carbohydrates - 27g Fiber- 4g Sugars- 5g Protein-3g Sodium-393mg

Recipe taken and modified from Pace. (n.d.). Picante black bean hummus. Retrieved March 10 2024 from https://www.campbells.com/pace/recipes/picante-black-bean-hummus/

Tuna Sandwich: (makes 2 sandwiches)

- 4 slices rye bread (toasted or untoasted)
- 2 cans of tuna
- ¼ cup mayonnaise (can use light mayonnaise for less calories and fat)
- mustard (regular, hot, or dijon)
- dill pickle cut into small pieces
- 1 celery stalk cut into small pieces
- ½ a green onion cut into small pieces
- Drain water from canned tuna and put in a bowl. Use a fork to break up tuna. Add other ingredients into the bowl (mayonnaise, mustard, celery, green onion, and pickle or relish). Stir until mixed well.
- 2. Divide tuna mixture and spread it onto 2 slices of bread. Top with a second slice of bread.

Nutrition Facts (Per 1 sandwich): Calories- 510 Carbohydrates- 35 Fiber- 4.9g Protein-38g Sodium-1092mg



Tuna Casserole: (makes 4 servings)

- 2 cans of tuna (drain water)
- 1 cup peas (can used canned; rinse pease with water)
 *can use other vegetable such as canned corn nibs, green beans, diced or sliced carrot
- ½ cup milk
- 2 cups cooked egg noodles or pasta (any kind)
- 1 can (284ml) of condensed mushroom soup (can also use condensed celery soup or broccoli)
- 2 tbsp of bread crumbs (can also use crushed unsalted crackers)
- 1 tbsp of butter or margarine
- 1. Heat the oven to 400 degrees. In a baking dish, add tuna, cooked noodles, milk, peas and condensed soup. Season with pepper and other spices if you like. Mix well. In a different bowl, mix bread crumbs (or crushed unsalted crackers) and melted butter.
- 2. Bake the tuna mixture for 20 minutes or until hot and bubbling slightly at the edges. Stir the tuna mixture. Add the bread crumb mixture and bake for another 5 minutes or until the bread crumbs are golden brown.

Nutrition Facts (Per 1 serving):

Calories- 312 Carbohydrates- 34 Fiber- 3g Protein-44g Sodium-794mg

Recipe taken and modified from Campbell's (n.d-.c). Tuna noodle casserole. Retrieved March 10, 2024 from https://www.campbells.com/recipes/tuna-noodle-casserole/

Minestrone Soup: (Makes 4 servings)

(made using food bank condensed tomato soup)

- 2 tsp oil
- 1/4 tsp garlic powder
- 1/4 tsp dried oregano leaves
- 2 cans (10 3/4 ounces each) condensed tomato soup
- 2 1/2 cups water
- 1 cup cooked pasta (any type)
- 1/2 cup frozen cut green beans
- 1 cup canned diced tomatoes, undrained
- *Optional: 1/2 cup drained rinsed canned kidney beans or other type of canned beans
- 1. Stir in the soup, garlic powder, oregano, and water in a very large pot to a boil over medium- to high heat.
- 2. Turn the heat to low. Add green beans, kidney beans, tomatoes, and cooked pasta and cook for 5 minutes. Finish with some salt and pepper.

Nutrition Facts (per 1 serving): Calories- 256 Total carbs- 43g Fiber- 7a Sugar- 17g

Recipe taken and modified from Campbell's. (n.d.-d). Vegetarian meatless sausage minestrone. Retrieved March 10, 2024 from https://www.campbells.com/recipes/vegetarian-meatless-sausage-minestrone/



Tomato Soup Spice Cupcakes with Cream Cheese Frosting: (Makes 24 cupcakes)

Cupcake: • 2 cups all-purpose flour, sifted

- 1 1/2 tbsp baking powder
- 1 1/2 tsp ground allspice
- 1 tsp ground cinnamon
- 1/2 tsp ground cloves
- 1/2 cup (1 stick) softened butter
- 1 1/3 cups white sugar
- 2 eggs, at room temperature
- 1/4 cup milk
- 1 can (10 3/4 ounces) condensed tomato soup

Icing:

- ¼ cup of milk
- 1 package (8 ounces) cream cheese, softened
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- 1 package (16 ounces) confectioners' sugar (powdered sugar)
- 1. Heat the oven to 350°F. While the oven is heating, use a whisk or fork to mix in the flour, baking powder, allspice, cinnamon, and cloves in a large bowl.
- 2. Beat the butter and white sugar in a large bowl with an electric mixer at medium speed until the mixture is creamy (about 3 to 4 minutes). Add the eggs, one at a time, and beat until mixed. Add 1/4 cup milk and the condensed soup, beat until well blended. Add the flour mixture and beat on low until well blended. Line 24 muffin-pan cups with paper liners. Pour the batter into the cups.
- 3. Bake for 20 minutes or until a toothpick inserted comes out clean. Let the cupcakes cool in the pans on wire racks for 20 minutes.
- 4. For icing: While the cupcakes are cooling, beat ¼ cup milk, cream cheese and vanilla in a medium bowl with an electric mixer on medium speed until creamy. Slowly beat in the confectioners' sugar or powdered sugar until the icing is smooth and soft (you can add more milk if needed). Put icing on top of the cupcakes.

Nutrition Facts (per 1 cupcake with icing):

Calories- 240 Carbohydrates-41g Fiber-1g

Protein-3q Sodium-215mg Sugar- 31g

https://www.campbells.com/recipes/tomato-soup-spice-cake/

Recipe taken from Campbell's. (n.d.-b). Tomato soup spiced cupcakes.

Retrieved March 10, 2024 from

Black Bean Brownies: (Makes 12 servings)

- cooking spray
- 1 can (15.5 oz/460 mL) black beans, rinsed under water and drained
- 1/4 cup (60 mL) vegetable oil
- 2/3 cup (150 mL) semisweet chocolate chips, divided
- 2 eggs
- 1/3 cup (75 mL) cocoa
- 3/4 cup (175 mL) brown sugar
- 1 tsp (4 mL) baking powder
- 1 tsp (4 mL) vanilla
- 1. Preheat the oven to 350 °F (180 °C). Spray 8" \times 8" (20 \times 20 cm) baking dish with cooking spray.
- 2. In a blender or food processor, add beans, vegetable oil, and 1/3 cup (75 mL) chocolate chips and blend well.
- 3. Add eggs, cocoa, brown sugar, baking powder and vanilla to the mixture and blend until smooth.
- 4. Pour mixture into a baking dish and add chocolate chips on top.
- 5. Bake for 20-25 minutes or until the inserted toothpick comes out clean. Keep the brownies in the fridge.

Nutrition Facts (per 1 small brownie):

Calories-186

Carbohydrates-26g

Fiber-3g

Protein-4g Recipe taken from Diabetes Canada. (n.d.-a). Black bean brownies.

Sodium-54mg Retrieved March 10 2024 from

Sugars - 19g https://www.diabetes.ca/nutrition---fitness/recipes/black-bean-brownies



Need help with medication costs?

You could get your medications and blood sugar monitor machine covered by Pharmacare

What is required?

- A Manitoba Health Card
- Your medications are not covered by other government programs



How does Pharmacare work?

- You need to pay for some medication costs each year (the deductible).
- Pharmacare will calculate your deductible based on your family's income.
- You will need to pay for the deductible amount before Pharmacare can cover your medications.
- After you paid the deductible, your medications will be free for the rest of the year
- Some medications might not be covered, ask your doctor or a pharmacist to find out

How do I apply?

- Download the Pharmacare application form from the Manitoba government's health website. Complete the form and mail it to Manitoba Health.
- For more information:

Visit the government website:

https://www.gov.mb.ca/health/pharmacare/index.html

Or contact Manitoba Health Non-Insured Benefits 300 Carlton Street Winnipeg, Manitoba R3B 3M9

Phone: (204)-786-7141

E-mail: pharmacare@gov.mb.ca

Need more help?

Foods:

Norwest Co-op Community Food Centre

Has a low cost fresh fruits and vegetables market and offers free lunches and cooking classes.

61 Tyndall Avenue #103, Winnipeg, MB R2X 2T4 204-615-3117

Health Services:

Norwest Co-op Community Food Centre

Has a team of healthcare professionals to help you live well with diabetes. They also offer nutritional counseling and medication management.

61 Tyndall Avenue #103, Winnipeg, MB R2X 2T4 204-615-3117

Access NorWest:

Diabetes Education and support for Inkster residents 785 Keewatin Street, Winnipeg, MB R2X 3B9 Call 204-938-5900 to book an appointment

Dial-a-Dietitian:

Speak to a Registered Dietitian if you have questions about nutrition and foods (free service)

Call toll-free at 1-877-830-2892 OR 204-788-8248 in Winnipeg

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